



中等职业教育课程改革创新教材

英语练习册

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中等职业教育创新教材编委会编



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【内容简介】 本书是为中等职业教育课程改革创新教材《英语》(职业模块)服务类的练习册。全书与教材相对应共分为十个教学单元,而每一单元又根据其所属单元的内容与风格具体划分为:重点词汇、重点短语、重点句型和单元练习。具有重点难点突出、选材广泛多样、知识结构新颖等特色。通过以上三大板块的详尽解析,使学生能够在第四大板块单元练习上通过检测而真正做到“心中有数”。书后附有两套综合模拟测试题,供学生全面总结、复习巩固使用,也可作为期末考试题。并且每单元的前面配以意味隽永的名人名言,这不仅能够使学生在学习中领悟人生哲理,而且还实现了使学习逐渐成为一种享受的愿望。

本书可供各类中等职业学校作为教材使用。

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前言

随着国家对中等职业教育的高度重视,为了适应教育教学改革的需要,进一步推动教育教学改革的深入发展,帮助中等职业学校学生更为科学、扎实、全面地掌握教材讲授的内容,我们组织了一些多年从事一线教育且具有丰富教学经验的优秀教师,依据教育部 2009 年最新颁布的教学大纲编写了这套中等职业教育课程改革创新教材。我们在编写过程中力求做到:

- * 重点集中突出
- * 难点通俗易懂
- * 专业指导性强
- * 知识覆盖面广

对学生在学习中可能会碰到的难点、盲点和误区都做了详尽的分析,独到新颖的选材也给学生注入了新的学习兴趣。

为了使学生在复习过程中有一个明确的思路,在编写本书时,我们严格遵照大纲要求设计了五大板块,即:

- * 重点概念解析
- * 典型问题讲解
- * 基础知识复习
- * 同步跟踪练习
- * 综合模拟测试

本书是中等职业教育课程改革创新教材《英语》(职业模块)服务类的配套练习册。全书与教材相对应共分为 10 个教学单元和两个复习单元,每一单元又根据其所属单元的内容与风格具体划分为:重点词汇、重点短语、重点句型和单元练习,具有重点难点突出、选材广泛多样、知识结构新颖等特色。通过以上三大板块的详尽解析,使学生能够在第四大板块单元练习上通过检测而真正做到“心中有数”。书后附有两套综合模拟测试题,供学生全面总结、复习巩固使用,也可作为期末考试用。在每单元的前面配以意味隽永的名人名言,这不仅能够使学生在

学习中领悟人生哲理,而且还真正达到了使学习逐渐成为一种享受的共同愿望。

本书在编写体例上具有以下特征:

严谨性:完全依据教育部最新颁布的教学大纲编写,严格按照大纲中规定的题型和内容比例编制。

同步性:书中以课或节为编写单元,体例编排由简单到复杂、循序渐进,有益于学生自身梳理思路、把握要点,这些都提高了学生的思维及解题能力。

实用性:本书内容明确,选题广泛,知识结构新颖,紧跟时代发展,而不至于使学生停滞于老化的知识结构之中。

合理性:本书题目数量和难易程度相当,有助于巩固学生所学知识,进一步提高学生分析问题和解决问题的能力,并且对加强学生的思维训练和能力培养都起到了相得益彰的效果。

专业性:本套丛书融合了多名具有数年教学经验的特级教师的教学成果。从对知识的积累到应用,从对综合运用能力的掌握到提高,都尽显了本套丛书的专业特色!

为了方便师生教与学,书后附有参考答案。

由于时间和水平所限,书中疏漏难免,希望老师和同学在使用过程中提出宝贵意见,以求日臻完善!

编者

目 录

Unit 1 Hotel Service	1
重点词汇	1
重点短语	2
重点句型	3
单元练习	3
Unit 2 Airline Service	8
重点词汇	8
重点短语	9
重点句型	10
单元练习	10
Unit 3 Travel Service	15
重点词汇	15
重点短语	16
重点句型	16
单元练习	17
Unit 4 Postal Service	22
重点词汇	22
重点短语	23
重点句型	24
单元练习	24
Unit 5 Telephone Service	29
重点词汇	29
重点短语	30
重点句型	31
单元练习	31
Unit 6 Catering Service	36
重点词汇	36
重点短语	37

重点句型	38
单元练习	38
Unit 7 Banking Service	43
重点词汇	43
重点短语	44
重点句型	44
单元练习	45
Unit 8 Train Service	50
重点词汇	50
重点短语	51
重点句型	52
单元练习	52
Unit 9 Sales of Services	58
重点词汇	58
重点短语	59
重点句型	60
单元练习	60
Unit 10 Logistics Service	65
重点词汇	65
重点短语	66
重点句型	67
单元练习	67
综合模拟测试 一	72
综合模拟测试 二	77
参考答案	82



Unit 1

Hotel Service

Be it ever so humble, there is no place like home.

金窝,银窝,不如自家的草窝。

——John Howard Payne

◆——佩恩. J. H.



重点词汇

1. **lobby** *n.* 前厅,厅堂
 [例句] Mary is in the lobby of Asian Hotel.
 [译文] 玛丽现在在亚洲旅馆的大厅里。
2. **gymnasium** *n.* 健身房,体育馆
 [例句] Our school has a big gymnasium.
 [译文] 我们学校有座大型体育馆。
3. **conference** *n.* 会议;讨论,商谈
 [例句] Nearly all the members attended the conference.
 [译文] 几乎全体成员都出席了这次会议。
4. **resident** *a.* 定居的;常驻的
 [例句] I've been resident in this place for five years.
 [译文] 我已经在这个地方住了五年。
5. **estimate** *n.* 估计;报价;判断 *vt. & vi.* 估计;评价
 [例句] The painter's estimate for painting the whole house was 1000 dollars.



[译文] 油漆匠对油刷整个房子的估价是 1000 美元。

5. **independent** *a.* 独立的;无关的

[例句] Children should be encouraged to be independent thinkers.

[译文] 应该鼓励孩子们独立思考。

7. **individual** *a.* 个别的;独特的 *n.* 个人

[例句] She has her own individual style of doing things.

[译文] 她有自己独特的行事风格。

8. **available** *a.* 可用的;可与之交谈的

[例句] Is there anything available?

[译文] 有什么我可以做的吗?

9. **temptation** *n.* 诱惑;诱惑物

[例句] I should congratulate you that you resisted the temptation.

[译文] 我应向你祝贺,你抵制住了这种诱惑。

10. **facility** *n.* 能力;设施

[例句] The machine is only servicing facilities.

[译文] 这部机器只是辅助设备。



重点短语

1. **at least** 至少

[例句] She was at least that much shorter than me.

[译文] 她至少比我矮这么多。

2. **look forward to** 期望,盼望

[例句] I'm looking forward to your visit next week.

[译文] 我在盼望着你下周光临。

3. **have to** 不得不,只好

[例句] It's too late, and I have to go home now.

[译文] 天太晚了,我不得不现在回家。

4. **either... or...** 要么……要么……

[例句] They are either German or Russian.

[译文] 他们不是德国人便是俄罗斯人。

5. **talking about** 谈论

[例句] Are you talking about Halloween?

[译文] 你们正在谈论万圣节吗?



重点句型

1. I would like to... 我想……

[例句] I would like to study abroad.

[译文] 我想出国留学。

2. I will... 我将会……

[例句] I will invite my friends to my birthday party this weekend.

[译文] 这周末我将会邀请朋友们来我的生日聚会!

3. Can you...? 你能吗……?

[例句] Can you speak Japanese?

[译文] 你会说日语吗?

4. I think... 我认为……

[例句] I think you're tremendous.

[译文] 我认为你真了不起。



单元练习

☞ Vocabulary Exercises ☞

根据句意,将括号里面的汉语译成英语。

1. My only _____ (娱乐) are drinking beer and working in the garden.
2. They provided comfortable _____ (住处) for visitors.
3. This is a detailed _____ (目录) of all the work to be done.
4. They failed to carry out their _____ (目标).
5. These are _____ (自动的) machines.
6. She became a celebrity _____ (一夜之间).
7. The _____ (会议) terminated yesterday.
8. When was the _____ (体育馆) completed?



Grammar Exercises

A. 语法选择

从 A, B, C, D 四个选项中, 选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

- () 1. Every night the noise _____.
- A. wakes him out B. wake up him
C. wakes him up D. wake him up
- () 2. The stars _____ very small because they're very far away from us.
- A. are B. look C. change D. become
- () 3. Will you go to the Great Wall if it _____ fine tomorrow?
- A. will B. was C. is going to be D. is
- () 4. His grandpa _____ for a year.
- A. died B. has been dead C. has been death D. was died
- () 5. The young people _____ in the mountain area and they _____ planting trees now.
- A. is; are B. are; are C. are; were D. was; were
- () 6. I've told him _____ the dog any more.
- A. don't play with B. not to play with
C. don't play D. not to play
- () 7. I think Miss Gao is the best teacher in our school. _____ you _____ me?
- A. Do; agree with B. Are; agree with
C. Are; angry with D. Are; agree with
- () 8. He _____ in the reading room just now.
- A. is B. was C. will be D. will
- () 9. _____ there many trees on both sides of the river last summer?
- A. Are B. Is C. Was D. Were
- () 10. Could you tell me if there _____ plenty of rain in the east of China?
- A. has B. have C. is D. are

B. 情景对话

根据提供的信息, 从 A, B, C, D 四个选项中选出一个符合情景交际对话的最佳选项。

- () 1. —I'd like to invite you to dinner this Saturday, Mr. Smith.
—_____.
- A. Oh, no, let's not
B. I'd rather stay at home
C. I'm very sorry, but I have other plans



- D. Oh, no, That'll be too much trouble
- ()2. —Can I get you a cup of tea?
—_____.
- A. That's very nice of you B. With pleasure
C. You can, please D. Thank you for the tea
- ()3. —What about having a drink?
—_____.
- A. Good idea B. Help yourself C. Go ahead, please D. Me, too
- ()4. —Waiter?
—_____.
- I can't eat this. It's too salty.
- A. Yes, sir? B. What? C. All right. D. Pardon?
- ()5. —I really had a good weekend at my uncle's.
—_____.
- A. Oh, that is very nice of you B. Congratulations
C. It's a pleasure D. Oh, I'm glad to hear that
- ()6. —Thank you ever so much for the book you've sent me.
—_____.
- A. No, thanks B. I'm glad you like it
C. Please, don't say so D. No, it's not so good
- ()7. —Thanks for the lovely party and the delicious food.
—_____.
- A. No thanks B. Never mind C. All right D. My pleasure
- ()8. —It's been a wonderful evening. Thank you very much.
—_____.
- A. My pleasure B. I'm glad to hear that
C. No thanks D. It's OK

☞ Comprehensive Exercises ☞

一、完形填空

阅读下面短文,从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空白处的最佳选项。

Mr. and Mrs. Harris had always spent their summer holidays in a small hotel at the seaside near their hometown. One year, however(然而), Mr. Harris made a lot of 1 in his business, 2 they decided to go to a foreign country and stay at a really good 3 .

They flew to Rome, and 4 at a 5-star hotel late in the evening. They thought they would have to go to bed in hunger, because in that 5 hotel where they had been used to stay in the



past, no meals were served (供应) 6 seven in the evening. They were 7 to be told that the hotel served dinner until ten.

“Then what are the times 8 meals?” asked Mrs. Harris.

“Well, madam, we serve breakfast from seven to eleven, lunch from twelve to three, 9 from four to five, and dinner from six to ten.”

“But that hardly 10 any time for us to see the city!” said Mrs. Harris.

- () 1. A. mistakes B. time C. friends D. money
 () 2. A. but B. so C. though D. yet
 () 3. A. hotel B. place C. city D. restaurant
 () 4. A. stayed B. got C. arrived D. reached
 () 5. A. small B. big C. foreign D. good
 () 6. A. on B. after C. during D. until
 () 7. A. tired B. interested C. surprised D. worried
 () 8. A. with B. on C. at D. of
 () 9. A. drink B. tea C. beer D. food
 () 10. A. takes B. does C. has D. leaves

二、阅读理解

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳选项。

On the evening of June 21, 1992, a tall man with brown hair and blue eyes entered the beautiful hall of the Bell Tower Hotel in Xi'an with his bicycle. The hotel workers received him and telephoned the manager, for they had never seen a bicycle in the hotel hall before though they lived in “the kingdom of bicycles.”

Robert Friedlander, an American, arrived in Xi'an on his bicycle trip across Asia which started last December in New Delhi, India.

When he was 11, he read the book Marco Polo and made up his mind to visit the Silk Road. Now, after 44 years, he was on the Silk Road in Xi'an and his early dreams were coming true.

Robert Friedlander's next destinations (目的地) were Lanzhou, Dunhuang, Urumqi, etc. He will complete his trip in Pakistan.

- () 1. The best headline(标题) for this newspaper article would be _____.
 A. The Kingdom of Bicycles B. A Beautiful Hotel in Xi'an
 C. Marco Polo and the Silk Road D. An American Achieving His Aims
 () 2. The hotel workers told the manager about Friedlander coming to the hotel because _____.
 A. he asked to see the manager



- B. he entered the hall with a bike
C. the manager had to know about all foreign guests
D. the manager knew about his trip and was expecting him
- ()3. Friedlander is visiting the three countries in the following order, _____.
A. China, India, and Pakistan
B. India, China, and Pakistan
C. Pakistan, China, and India
D. China, Pakistan, and India
- ()4. What made Friedlander want to come to China?
A. The stories about Marco Polo.
B. The famous sights in Xi'an.
C. His interest in Chinese silk.
D. His childhood dreams about bicycles.
- ()5. Friedlander can be said to be _____.
A. clever
B. friendly
C. hardworking
D. strong-minded

三、翻译句子

1. 领班陪客人到房间去。
2. 她正在前台咨询一些问题。
3. The meeting will take place in the conference room.
4. A new gymnasium has been built on our campus.
5. The business centre have a photocopy service.

✎ Writing ✎

Please describe a hotel you have seen or been to. More than 70 words.